

Math 214 Spring 2017  
Linear Algebra HW 12  
Due Friday, April 28

For all these problems, justify your answers.

1. Find the orthogonal decomposition of  $(2, -1, 5, 6)$  with respect to  $U = \text{Span}\{(1, 1, 1, 0), (1, 0, -1, 1)\}$ .
2. Let  $V$  be a vector space and  $L : V \rightarrow V$  a linear transformation, and let  $\lambda$  be a scalar. Prove that the eigenspace corresponding to  $\lambda$  is a subspace of  $V$ , using the subspace theorem.
3. Which of the following are eigenvectors of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}?$$

What are the corresponding eigenvalues?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

4. ( $\star$ ) Let  $V = \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$  be the space of differentiable real functions, and consider the linear transformation  $\frac{d^2}{dx^2} : V \rightarrow V$ . Find two linearly independent eigenvectors with eigenvalue 1. Find two linearly independent eigenvectors with eigenvalue  $-1$ .
5. Find all eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenvectors for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

6. Find the eigenvalues and corresponding eigenvectors for

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

7. Find the determinants of the following matrices. You should not need to perform any detailed computations for this problem.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 3 & e & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/4 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad D = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

8. Find the determinant of the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & 1 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 & 4 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

9. Suppose  $A, B \in M_{n \times n}$  with  $\det(A) = 3$  and  $\det(B) = 5$ . Find

- (a)  $\det(A^{-1})$
- (b)  $\det(AB^2)$
- (c)  $\det(3B)$
- (d)  $\det(B^T A)$ .

10. Find the characteristic polynomial and the eigenvalues with multiplicity of the following matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$