

Problem 1. (a) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Find the characteristic polynomial, the eigenvalues, and a basis for each eigenspace.

(b) Find the determinant and trace of $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 6 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$.

Problem 2. (a) Let

$$E = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad \text{and} \quad F = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}.$$

Find the change of basis matrix from E to F .

(b) Diagonalize the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and compute A^5 .

Problem 3.

(a) Let $V = \mathcal{C}([1, 3], \mathbb{R})$, with the inner product $\langle f, g \rangle = \int_1^3 f(t)g(t) dt$. Find $\|1\|$ and $\|x\|$. Find the projection of $1 + x$ onto 1 and onto x .

(b) Let $U = \text{span}\{(1, 1, 1, 0), (1, 0, -1, 1)\}$. Find an orthonormal basis for U^\perp , and then find the orthogonal decomposition of $(2, -1, 5, 6)$ with respect to U .

Problem 4. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$.

- (a) Find a least-squares solution $\hat{\mathbf{x}}$ to the equation $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$.
- (b) Compute $(\mathbf{b} - A\hat{\mathbf{x}}) \cdot A\hat{\mathbf{x}}$. What does this tell you about your solution from part (a)?