

Math 1232 Spring 2024
Single-Variable Calculus 2 Section 12
Mastery Quiz 7
Due Tuesday, March 19

This week's mastery quiz has four topics. Everyone should submit work on topic S6, unless you have a 2/2 from the midterm. If you have a 4/4 on M2, or a 2/2 on S4 or S5, you don't need to submit them again. (Check Blackboard!)

Don't worry if you make a minor error, but try to demonstrate your mastery of the underlying material. Feel free to consult your notes, but please don't discuss the actual quiz questions with other students in the course.

Remember that you are trying to demonstrate that you understand the concepts involved. For all these problems, justify your answers and explain how you reached them. Do not just write "yes" or "no" or give a single number.

Please turn this quiz in class on Tuesday. You may print this document out and write on it, or you may submit your work on separate paper; in either case make sure your name and recitation section are clearly on it. If you absolutely cannot turn it in in person, you can submit it electronically but this should be a last resort.

Topics on This Quiz

- Major Topic 2: Advanced Integration Techniques
- Secondary Topic 4: Improper Integrals
- Secondary Topic 5: Geometric Applications
- Secondary Topic 6: Differential Equations

Name:

Recitation Section:

M2: Advanced Integration Techniques

(a)
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{x^2} dx =$$

(b)
$$\int \sin(x) \ln(\cos(x)) dx =$$

Name:

Recitation Section:

(c) Compute $\int \frac{3x}{(x+4)(x-2)} dx =$

S4: Improper Integrals

(a) Compute $\int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} dx$.

(b) Compute $\int_1^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x^4} =$

S5: Geometric Applications

(a) Compute the arc length of the curve $(y - 2)^3 = x^2$ between $y = 2$ and $y = 6$ for $x \geq 0$.

(b) Compute (and do evaluate) the area of the surface obtained by taking the curve $y = \sqrt{15 - x}$ as x goes from 3 to 5 and rotating it around the x -axis.

S6: Differential Equations

(a) Find a general solution to the equation $y' = xye^x$.

(b) Find a (specific) solution to the initial value problem $y'/x - y = 1$ if $y(0) = 3$