

Math 2233 Summer 2025
Multivariable Calculus
Mastery Quiz 2
Due Monday, July 7

This week's mastery quiz has three topics. Everyone should submit both M1 and S2, but if you got a 2/2 last week on S1 you don't have to submit it. (Check Blackboard when I get those grades up over this weekend.)

Don't worry if you make a minor error, but try to demonstrate your mastery of the underlying material. Feel free to consult your notes, but please **don't discuss the actual quiz questions with other students in the course.**

Remember that you are trying to demonstrate that you understand the concepts involved. For all these problems, justify your answers and show your work. Do not just write "yes" or "no" or give a single number.

Please turn this quiz in class on Wednesday. You may print this document out and write on it, or you may submit your work on separate paper; in either case make sure your name and recitation section are clearly on it. If you absolutely cannot turn it in in person, you can submit it electronically but this should be a last resort.

Topics on This Quiz

- Major Topic 1: Vectors
- Secondary Topic 1: Lines and Planes
- Secondary Topic 2: Vector Functions

Name:

Name: _____

M1: Vectors

(a) Find the area of the **triangle** with vertices $(0, 0, 0)$, $(5, 3, 1)$, $(7, 2, 2)$.

(b) Find $\cos \theta$ where θ is the angle between $\vec{u} = \vec{i} - 2\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and $\vec{v} = 5\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 6\vec{k}$.

(c) Find the orthogonal decomposition of $\vec{v} = 6\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} - 3\vec{k}$ with respect to $\vec{u} = 2\vec{i} + \vec{j} + 2\vec{k}$.

S1: Lines and Planes

- (a) Find an equation for the plane that passes through the points $(1, 4, 2)$, $(3, 2, 2)$, and $(7, 1, 5)$.
- (b) Find an equation for the plane perpendicular to $\vec{n} = \vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$ that passes through the point $(5, -3, 0)$.
- (c) Find a vector perpendicular to the plane given by the equation

$$z = 5 - 4(x - 2) + 7(y - 3).$$

S2: Vector Functions

- (a) Suppose two particles follow the paths $\vec{r}_1(t) = (3t, t^2, 4 - t)$ and $\vec{r}_2(t) = (t^2 + 2, 6 - t, 3t - 4)$. Do the two particles collide? Do their paths intersect?
- (b) Find a (parametric) equation for the line tangent to the curve $\vec{r}(t) = (t^3, \frac{1}{t+1}, t - 2)$ at the time $t = 1$.
- (c) If a particle moves with velocity $\vec{v}(t) = \langle 6t, \cos(\pi t/2) \rangle$ then what is the displacement between times $t = 1$ and $t = 4$?